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Supplemental Material

Traffic-Related Air Pollution, Noise at School, and Behavioral Problems in Barcelona Schoolchildren: A Cross-Sectional Study

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Table S1. Bivariate analysis between SDQ total difficulties score and ADHD-DSM-IV and sociodemographic characteristics at school level (n=39):

					ADHD		
Variables	Total problems (SDQ)			(SDQ)	symptomatology (DSM-IV)		
	25th	50th	75th	p-value	25th 50th 75th p-value		
Type of school							
Public (n=19)	8.06	9.03	10.00	0.017	6.71 8.48 9.77 0.465		
Private (n=20)	7.28	7.80	8.75		6.85 7.69 9.10		
Vulnerability index at school level							
Low (n=15)	7.01	7.77	8.31	0.084	6.78 8.31 9.02 0.477		
Medium (n=12)	7.68	9.17	11.02		6.77 7.57 9.13		
High (n=12)	7.93	8.58	9.41		6.72 8.71 10.17		

p-value based on Kruskal-Wallis test

Table S2. Multilevel Variance Inflation Factors (MVIFS), parameter estimates, standard errors, and t-values for the multilevel model

Variable	MVIF	Coef.	Standard Error	T-value
EC indoor	1.35	-0.13	0.04	-3.33
Noise	1.30	0.20	0.05	4.44
EC outdoor	1.34	-0.07	0.04	-2.13
Noise	1.29	0.18	0.04	3.94
NO ₂ indoor	1.45	0.04	0.04	0.90
Noise	1.40	0.11	0.05	2.49
NO ₂ outdoor	1.37	-0.02	0.05	-0.42
Noise	1.40	0.14	0.04	3.26

Adjusted for sex, child's age, maternal education, urban vulnerability index at home address, air pollution (black carbon) at home, home tobacco use, urban vulnerability index at school and type of school.

Table S3. Effect modification of noise in the association between SDQ total difficulties score and ADHD symptomatology (from ADHD-DSM-IV) and TRAPs exposure at school ($\mu g/m^3$) as continuous variable (based on an IQR increase):

	Total difficulties score (SDQ)†				AI	_		
	Low noise (<35d	B) High n	oise (≥35dB)		Low n	oise (<35dB)	High noise (≥35dB)	_
	aMRs CI95%	aMRs	CI95%	p for interaction	aMRs	CI95%	aMRs CI95%	p for interaction
Indoor								
EC	1.18 (1.04, 1.3))** 1.05	(0.99, 1.12)	0.100	0.95	(0.73, 1.22)	0.94 (0.86, 1.02)	0.448
NO_2	1.04 (0.91, 1.19	1.01	(0.94, 1.09)	0.563	0.93	(0.72, 1.19)	1.11 (1.02, 1.22)*	0.034
Outdoor								
EC	1.11 (1.00, 1.24	1.07	(1.02, 1.13)*	0.269	0.96	(0.78, 1.18)	0.98 (0.91, 1.05)	0.276
NO_2	1.08 (0.96, 1.2)) 1.06	(0.99, 1.15)	0.434	1.03	(0.82, 1.29)	1.04 (0.94, 1.16)	0.311

aMRs = adjusted Mean Ratios.

[·] Single-exposure models including TRAPs (EC and NO₂) were adjusted for sex, child's age, maternal education, urban vulnerability index at home address, air pollution (black carbon) at home, home tobacco use, urban vulnerability index at school and type of school.

[†]Including school as random effect

[‡]Including teacher as random effect

^{*}p-value<0.05; **p-value<0.001

Table S4. Adjusted mean ratio (aMRs and 95% CIs) of SDQ total difficulties score and ADHD symptomatology (from ADHD-DSM-IV) for black carbon exposure at school ($\mu g/m^3$) and at home address ($\mu g/m^3$) as continuous variable (based on an IQR increase):

	Total	Total difficulties score (SDQ) ^a			ADHD symptomatology (DSM-IV) ^b		
	aMRs	CI95%		aMRs	CI95%		
Outdoor							
BC at school	1.06	(1.02,	1.10)*	0.98	(0.93, 1.04)		
BC at home address	1.01	(0.99,	1.04)	0.98	(0.95, 1.03)		

aMRs = adjusted Mean Ratios.

Models including TRAPs (BC) were adjusted for sex, child's age, maternal education, urban vulnerability index at home address, home tobacco use, urban vulnerability index at school and type of school.

^a Including school as random effect

^b Including teacher as random effect

^{*}p-value<0.05; **p-value<0.001

Table S5. Adjusted mean ratio (aMRs 95% CIs) of SDQ total difficulties score and ADHD symptomatology (from ADHD-DSM-IV) for TRAPs exposure at school (μ g/m³) and noise at school (dB) as continuous variable (based on an IQR increase) restricted to these children attending the same school since 3 years and before (n=2.192):

Variables	EC and	d Noise	NO ₂ and Noise		
	EC indoor IQR = 1.01 μ g/m ³		NO ₂ indoor IQR = 21.01 μ g/m ³		
	EC outdoor	Noise	NO ₂ indoor	Noise	
	$IQR = 0.86 \mu g/m^3$	IQR = 7.60 dB	$IQR = 22.26 \mu g/m^3$	IQR = 7.60 dB	
Total difficulties score (SDQ) ^a					
Indoor					
Single-exposure	1.07 (1.02, 1.13)**	1.01 (0.95, 1.07)	1.02 (0.96, 1.08)	1.01 (0.95, 1.07)	
Multi-exposure	1.08 (1.03, 1.15)**	0.97 (0.91, 1.03)	1.02 (0.95, 1.09)	1.00 (0.94, 1.07)	
Outdoor					
Single-exposure	1.07 (1.02, 1.11)**	1.01 (0.95, 1.07)	1.07 (1.01, 1.14)*	1.01 (0.95, 1.07)	
Multi-exposure	1.07 (1.03, 1.13)**	0.97 (0.92, 1.04)	1.08 (1.01, 1.17)*	0.98 (0.91, 1.04)	
ADHD symptomatology (DSM-IV) ^b					
Indoor					
Single-exposure	0.94 (0.87, 1.03)	1.23 (1.11, 1.36)**	1.05 (0.96, 1.16)	1.23 (1.11, 1.36)**	
Multi-exposure	0.87 (0.80, 0.95)**	1.33 (1.19, 1.47)**	0.95 (0.85, 1.06)	1.27 (1.14, 1.43)**	
Outdoor					
Single-exposure	0.98 (0.92, 1.06)	1.23 (1.11, 1.36)**	1.03 (0.94, 1.14)	1.23 (1.11, 1.36)**	
Multi-exposure	0.93 (0.86, 1.01)	1.29 (1.16, 1.44)**	0.94 (0.85, 1.05)	1.27 (1.14, 1.42)**	

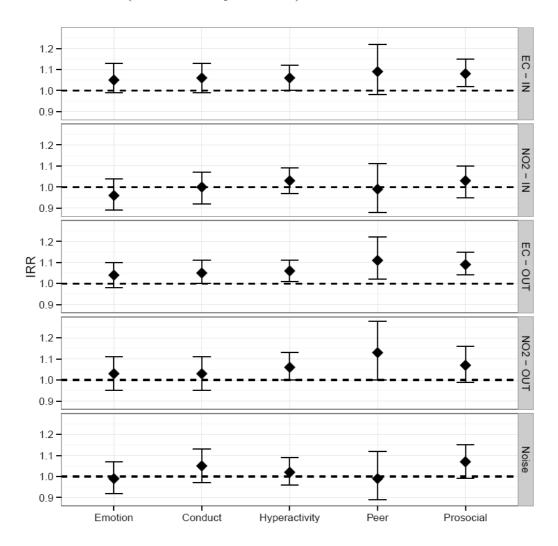
- Single-exposure models including TRAPs (EC and NO2) were adjusted for sex, child's age, maternal education, urban vulnerability index at home address, air pollution (black carbon) at home, home tobacco use, urban vulnerability index at school and type of school.
- Single-exposure models including noise were adjusted for sex, child's age, maternal education, urban vulnerability index at home address, traffic noise annoyance at home, home tobacco use, urban vulnerability index at school and type of school.

• Multi-exposure models including TRAPs and noise were adjusted for sex, child's age, maternal education, urban vulnerability index at home address, air pollution (black carbon) at home, traffic noise annoyance at home, home tobacco use, urban vulnerability index at school and type of school.

^a Including school as random effect ^b Including teacher as random effect

^{*}p-value<0.05; **p-value<0.001

Figure S1. Adjusted mean ratio (aMRs 95% CIs) of SDQ subscales (emotion symptoms, conduct disorders, hyperactivity/inattention, peer relationship problems and prosocial behavior) for indoor and outdoor TRAPs exposure at school (μg/m3) and noise at school (dB) as continuous variable (based on an IQR increase):



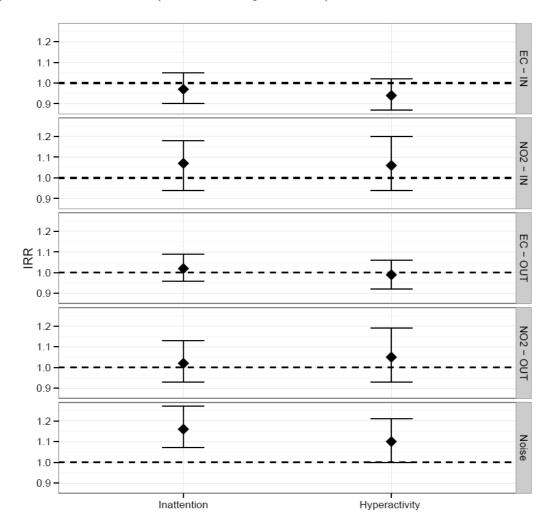
Footnotes:

- · Models including TRAPs (EC and NO₂) were adjusted for sex, child's age, maternal education, urban vulnerability index at home address, air pollution (black carbon) at home, home tobacco use, urban vulnerability index at school and type of school.
- · Models including noise were adjusted for sex, child's age, maternal education, urban vulnerability index at home address, traffic noise annoyance at home, home tobacco use, urban vulnerability index at school and type of school.
- · Models using SDQ subscales also included school as random effect.
- · Models using ADHD-DSM-IV subscales also included teacher as random effect.

Emotion=Emotional symptoms from SDQ; Conduct=Conduct disorders from SDQ; Hyperactivity=Hyperactivity/Inattention from SDQ; Peer=Peer relationship problems from SDQ;

Prosocial=Prosocial behavior from SDQ.

Figure S2. Adjusted mean ratio (aMRs 95% CIs) of ADHD-DSM-IV list (Inattention and hyperactivity) for indoor and outdoor TRAPs exposure at school (μg/m3) and noise at school (dB) as continuous variable (based on an IQR increase):



Footnotes:

- · Models including TRAPs (EC and NO₂) were adjusted for sex, child's age, maternal education, urban vulnerability index at home address, air pollution (black carbon) at home, home tobacco use, urban vulnerability index at school and type of school.
- · Models including noise were adjusted for sex, child's age, maternal education, urban vulnerability index at home address, traffic noise annoyance at home, home tobacco use, urban vulnerability index at school and type of school.
- · Models using SDQ subscales also included school as random effect.
- · Models using ADHD-DSM-IV subscales also included teacher as random effect.

Inattention=Inattention scale from ADHD-DSM-IV list. Hyperactivity=Hyperactivity scale from ADHD-DSM-IV list.